

# 1 - 22 GHz Wideband Amplifier

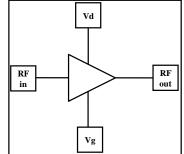
#### Features

- Frequency Range : 1.0 22.0GHz
- 12dB Nominal gain
- Noise Figure: 2.1 @ 8GHz
- P1 dB: 10 dBm at 10GHz.
- Input Return Loss > 12 dB
- Output Return Loss > 12 dB
- DC decoupled input and output
- 0.15 µm InGaAs pHEMT Technology
- Chip dimension: 3.0 x 1.2 x 0.1 mm

#### **Typical Applications**

- Wideband LNA/Gain block
- Electronic warfare
- Test Instrumentation

## Functional Diagram



### Description

The AMT2175012 is a broadband pHEMT GaAs MMIC TWA designed to operate over 1GHz to 22 GHz frequency range. The design employs 6 cascode pHEMT cells in a distributed ampifier topology, to ensure larger bandwidth, flat gain and good return losses. The device offers a typical small signal gain of 11 dB over the operating frequency band and has a Noise figure less than 4 dB in 2-20GHz band. The P1dB is 10dBm at 10GHz. The Input & output are matched to 50 $\Omega$  with a VSWR better than 1.6:1. The chip is unconditionally stable over the entire operating frequency range.

The AMT2175012 is suitable for a variety of wideband electronic warfare systems such as radar warning receivers, jammers and instrumentation. In addition, the chip may also be used as a predriver or a gain block.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Parameter	Absolute Maximum	Units
Positive DC voltage	+8	V
RF input power	+16	dBm
Supply Current	150	mA
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	٥C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C

1. Operation beyond these limits may cause permanent damage to the component



## Electrical Specifications @ $T_A\,$ = 25 $^{o}C$ , $Z_{o}$ =50 $\Omega$ ,Vd = 2V, Vg =-0.25V

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range	1.0	-	22.0	GHz
Gain	10	12	-	dB
Gain Flatness	-	± 1.3	-	dB
Noise Figure (mid-band)	-	2.5	-	dB
Input Return Loss	10	12	-	dB
Output Return Loss	10	12	-	dB
Output Power (P1 dB)	_	10	_	dBm
Third Order Intercept point	_	19	_	dBm
Supply Current	-	55	65	mA

Note:

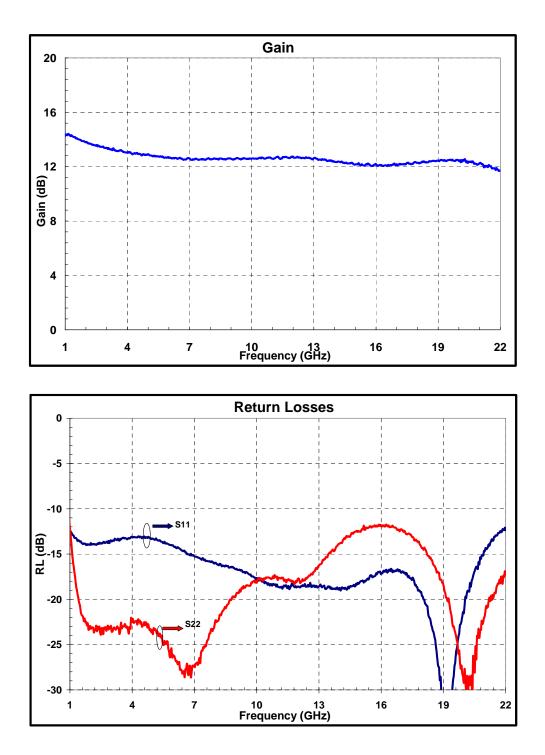
- 1. Electrical specifications mentioned above are measured in a test fixture.
- 2. For optimal performance, the gate voltage Vg should be tuned to achieve a drain current of 55mA.
- 3. The negative gate supply(Vg) can be tuned from 0V to -0.3V



AMT2175012 Preliminary Data Sheet Rev. 1.0 January 2008

### Test fixture data

Vd = +2V, Vg = -0.25V, Total Current =55 mA,  $T_A$  = 25 °C

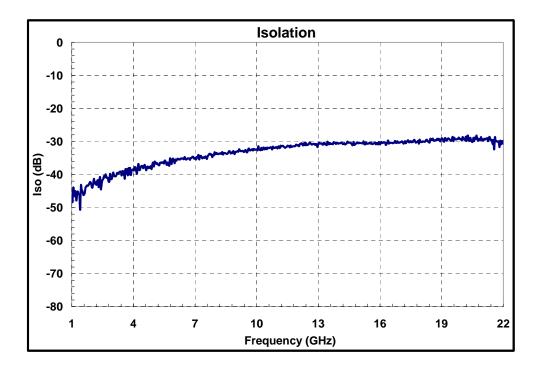


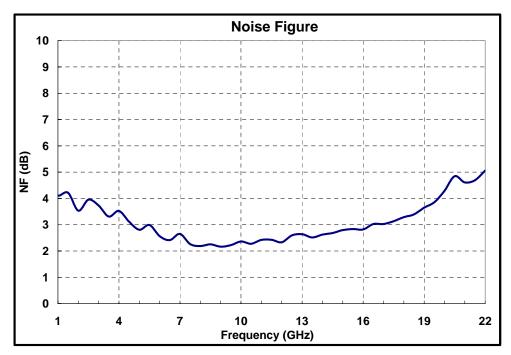


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### Test fixture data

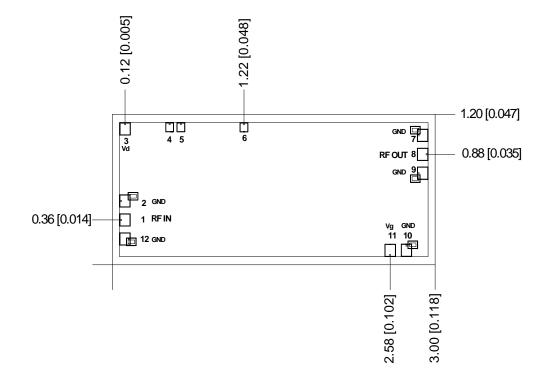
Vd= +2V, Vg = -0.25V, Total Current =55 mA,  $T_A$  = 25 °C







### **Mechanical Characteristics**



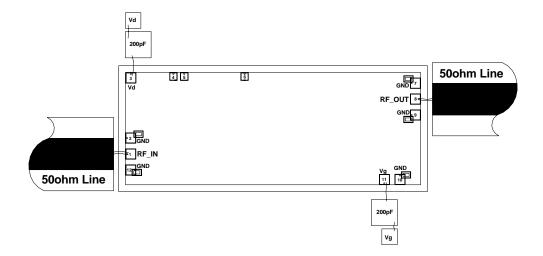
**Units:** millimeters (inches)

Note:

- 1. All RF and DC bond pads are  $100\mu m\ x\ 100\mu m$
- 2. Pad no. 1 : RF In
- 3. Pad no. 3 : Vd
- 4. Pad no. 8 : RF out
- 5. Pad no. 11 : Vg



### **Recommended Assembly Diagram**



#### Note:

- 1. Two 1 mil (0.0254mm) bond wires of minimum length should be used for RF input and output.
- 2. Input and output 50 ohm lines are on 5mil Alumina/RT Duroid substrate.
- 3. The supply voltages are Vd=2.0V, Vg=-0.25V.
- 4. 0.1 μF capacitors may be additionally used as a second level of bypass at the power supplies for reliable operation.

**Die attach:** For Epoxy attachment, use of a two-component conductive epoxy is recommended. An epoxy fillet should be visible around the total die periphery. If Eutectic attachment is preferred, use of fluxless AuSn (80/20) 1-2 mil thick preform solder is recommended. Use of AuGe preform should be strictly avoided.

**Wire bonding:** For DC pad connections use either ball or wedge bonds. For best RF performance, use of 150 - 200 $\mu$ m length of wedge bonds is advised. Single Ball bonds of 250-300 $\mu$ m though acceptable, may cause a deviation in RF performance.



GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to Electrostatic discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly & testing

All information and Specifications are subject to change without prior notice